



The Health Promotion and Wellness Newsletter.



Joys of Hiking

Hiking outdoors away from the hustle of daily living and technology can bring a sense of peace in the fresh air and ever-changing scenes of nature. It also offers a powerful cardio workout that can:

- Lower heart disease risk.
- Strengthen leg, hip, back and core muscles.
- Boost bone density.
- Aid weight control.
- Help reduce stress, anxiety and depression.

For starters, choose short local hikes on stable trails to help improve your balance and stability. Then head for some hills — even small ones can provide intense exercise for improving heart rate and burning calories.

Hikers recommend hiking with a buddy or group who can help you navigate and assist if you get hurt. Take snacks and a flashlight with extra batteries in case you get lost.

Before you go, study a trail map and follow marked paths and trails. And check the weather — don't risk hiking if the forecast is stormy. Dress and pack suitably for your time outdoors. Don't forget sunscreen and water. Take a personal locator beacon or a satellite messenger.

>> Learn more at americanhiking.org/hikingresources/.

5 Exercise Errors to Avoid

The American College of Sports Medicine has labeled exercise the magic pill for improving our physical and mental health. Exercise can help us prevent or reverse several diseases, including depression — provided we stick with it.

Explore different types and levels of exercise and do what appeals to you. You'll benefit from any increase in physical activity. As you go, here are 5 oversights to watch for:

Starting out, people often exercise too much, risking injury. If you have health problems — such as arthritis, excess weight or back trouble check with your health care provider or work with a qualified trainer to learn the best exercise approach for you.

Moving too fast: Don't expect a quick fix. Give yourself time to identify and develop exercise activities that you can succeed with and enjoy for a lifetime.

Doing the same old thing:

Repeating the same cardio or muscle workouts for several months, your body becomes efficient and reaches a plateau, using less energy and burning fewer calories. Vary your activities as much as possible — for both

Failing to support your back: Learn proper form, whether you're doing tai chi or lifting weights; check with your instructor or trainer. When using exercise machines, avoid slumping and keep your back erect.

Thinking cardio is enough: Your body needs more than heart-pumping exercise. Strength training your muscles, such as core and upper body, is also important for preserving health.

> In addition, always warm up with low-intensity exercise before your main workout. Track your progress to make the most of your workout effort.



Life is either a daring adventure or nothing at all.

How to ID Food Marketing Slogans

By Cara Rosenbloom, RD

Do you read labels when you shop for food? Some people scan the Nutrition Facts, while others look on the front for information. But did you know that while some on-package claims are regulated, others are buzzwords used for marketing? Here's what you need to know.

The government strictly regulates on-package messaging, including the ingredient list and the Nutrition Facts panel. It also oversees rules for claims about the amount of fat, fiber, vitamins and minerals in food. So if you see phrases such as **low in fat, high in fiber** or **source of vitamin C,** you can trust the accuracy of these statements.

The government also allows certain authorized health claims, which state that an ingredient may reduce the risk of a disease or condition. For example, there are authorized claims linking calcium with osteoporosis and soluble fiber with heart disease.



You can also look for the USDA Organic logo, which verifies that ingredients were grown or raised using specific organic farming methods.

What's not regulated? The government doesn't define words such as real, natural and superfood, so any product may bear those words on its food package. They don't carry much weight since they are unregulated, so it's buyer beware.

Other unregulated words include:



The Low-Tech Vacation

Yes, you can have a great vacation with minimal — or no — connection to smartphones, laptops or tablets. When traveling, carry a smartphone in case of an emergency or to check flights or weather information. But research shows taking a break from constant technology use may benefit your brain and refresh you physically and mentally.

Tips for planning a (mostly) unplugged vacation:

- **Discuss what a tech-free vacation means** with your family and how it can encourage togetherness.
- **Consider the great outdoors.** From the Grand Canyon to Yosemite, state and national parks offer incredible sightseeing, hiking and camping if you want a great getaway from tech tools.
- Ask your travel agent about low-tech adventures. A growing number of unique
 resorts promote unplugging to de-stress, from Adirondack-inspired bed and breakfast
 inns on the edge of Wisconsin's Chequamegon National Forest to tree-house
 accommodations suspended in an old-growth rain forest on Vancouver Island, B.C.,
 in Canada.

Or take a low-tech, budget-stretching staycation at home. Commit to unplugging and visit local art galleries, museums, the zoo, nearby beaches or lakes and other attractions.

Best Exercise for Weight Loss?

Many experts now suggest interval training workouts may be the most effective way to burn the most calories in the shortest time. Less than 50% of people in the U.S. get the recommended amount of exercise per week (150 minutes), and time is a key obstacle.

To lose body fat, maintain muscle, and maximize calories burned, an interval training workout combines periods of intense exertion alternating with periods of rest or lighter exertion:

1. Involving moderate- to high-intensity exercise — speed or grade (hill or treadmill) or both.

2. Combined with a lower-intensity period during the same workout.

3. As opposed to low-intensity cardio exercise at a continuous, steady pace.

This allows you to cut your exercise session time by half while offering equal benefits.

You can do interval training exercise outdoors, indoors or on a machine. Mix up your routine to keep it varied and interesting.

Bottom line: Interval training and higherintensity exercise can burn more calories per minute than lower-intensity exercise. Always warm up with low-intensity exercise before your main workout to get blood flowing to your muscles and help prevent injury. And check with your health care provider before significantly increasing your exercise intensity, duration or type.





The Smart Moves Toolkit, including this issue's printable download, No Heat Required: Summer Meals, is at personalbest.com/extras/19V7tools.